

Fairness in Sport

Fair, Fayre, Fare

Fairness in Sport – Pairs PowerPoint

You will be creating a PowerPoint in pairs on fairness in sport

- On the first slide can you make a list of what you think represents fairness in sport?



LO: To begin to understand the concepts required for competitive games/activities including rules, teamwork, fairness, taking turns, concept of winning/losing/taking part, defined areas.

Rules



- Participants have to follow the rules of the sport.
- In organised sport governing bodies develop rules and are upheld by officials during play.
- Rules make sure play is safe and fair.
- It is all about making the game fair for everyone involved.



Can you think of any rules?

Can you think of sports where rules are changed to make it fair?



Etiquette



- Etiquette is sports unwritten rules – to uphold respect and fairness.
- ‘spirit of the game’
- Examples:
 - Acknowledging the ball was out in tennis
 - Shaking hands with opponents after a game
 - Clapping opponents after a game (rugby)



Sportsmanship



- Sportsmanship means playing within the rules and understanding and using sports etiquette.
- Its playing fairly in the spirit of the game, showing respect and fair play to opponents.
- Being gracious in both victory and defeat.
- For example:
 - Kicking the ball out when someone is injured in football and the other team giving possession back.
 - Helping a rival player up if they are down injured.



Gamesmanship



- Without breaking the rules, players may bend them and use methods to gain an advantage. Is this okay? Or is it a bad thing? Why might someone choose to do this?
- For example:
 - Diving in football to win a penalty
 - Distracting an opponent e.g. when the bowler in cricket is about to bowl shouting something to put them off.
 - Time wasting to prevent the other team scoring.



Create a final slide

- This might be a poster or pictures. Maybe some key words to summarise your PowerPoint on fairness in sport.